A carnival Ferris wheel with a diameter of 9 m. makes one complete revolution every 44 seconds. The bottom of the wheel is 1.2 m above the ground. If a person is at the minimum height when a stopwatch is started, then determine how high above the ground that person will be after 6 minutes and 41 seconds.

- 1. What is the equation of the midline that this Ferris wheel model is expecting?
- 2. Since we are at a minimum at time 0, write a model that predicts the height above the ground in terms of seconds. Let y=height above the ground and x = time in seconds since start of motion.
- 3. After 6 minutes and 41 second the person is approximately \_\_\_\_\_ meters off the ground

A carnival Ferris wheel with a radius of 20 m. makes one complete revolution every 248 seconds. The bottom of the wheel is 1.8 m above the ground. If a person is at the maximum height when a stopwatch is started, then determine how high above the ground that person will be after 9 minutes and 4 seconds.

- 4. What is the equation of the midline that this Ferris wheel model is expecting?
- 5. Since we are at a maximum at time 0, write a model that predicts the height above the ground in terms of seconds. Let y=height above the ground and x = time in seconds since start of motion.
- 6. After 9 minutes and 4 second the person is approximately \_\_\_\_\_ meters off the ground

A carnival Ferris wheel with a radius of 18 m. makes one complete revolution every 308 seconds. The bottom of the wheel is 0.9 m above the ground. If a person is at the height of 18.9 m and is on the way up when a stopwatch is started, then determine how high above the ground that person will be after 12 minutes and 46 seconds.

- 7. What is the equation of the midline that this Ferris wheel model is expecting?
- Since we are at a height of 18.9 m and on the way up when the stopwatch starts, write a model that predicts the height above the ground in terms of seconds. Let y=height above the ground and x = time in seconds since start of motion.